

TheraQ Assessment Report by Divergence

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Alpha (7 - 12Hz)
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Mid - Beta (15 - 20Hz)
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Posterior Region Metrics

Alpha Sh	nift 01 (EO EC)				
			38.13%		
-100%			50% 70%		200%
Alpha Fle	exibility O1 (EO EO) 54.72%				
-100%	0%	5 25%			250%
Peak Alp 7	uha 01 (EC)				
7		9.5			13
TBR Shif	t 01 (E0 EC)			49.02%	
-100%		-25%	0%	<mark>9</mark>	100%
TBR 01 ((EO)		2.84		
0	0.9 1.2		2.7 3		5
TBR 01 ((EC)			4.23	
0	0.9 1.2		2.7 3		5

EEG Distribution - Amplitude

EEG Distribution - Amplitude





Central Region Metrics

Alpha Shift Cz (EO EC	;)		
		49.75%	
-100%	3)% 50%	200%
Alpha Flexibility Cz (E -47.169	EO EO) %		
-100%	0% 25	6	200%
TBR Resting Cz (EO)		2.5	
0	1.8	2.2	5
TBR Task Cz (EO)	2.0	9	
0		2.2 3	5
TBR Shift Task Cz (EC) EO) -16	.38%	
-100%	•	0% 15%	100%
Beta Shift Task Cz (E	D EO) -15	.8	
-100	-30	0	100
Theta/Low Beta Ratio	2.16		
1	2.4	3	5

EEG Distribution - Amplitude

Central (Cz)

EEG Distribution - Amplitude





Anterior Region Metrics

Theta Alpha Ratio F3 (EC)						
						1.68
0			1	1.2		1.68
TBR F3 (EC)						
					4.2	
0	1.8	2.2				5
Theta Alpha Ratio F4 (EC)						
						1.76
0			1	1.2		1.76
TBR F4 (EC)						
					3.99	
0	1.8	2.2				5

EEG Distribution - Amplitude

EEG Distribution - Amplitude





EEG Distribution - Amplitude





Symmetry Region Metrics

Theta Symmetry (EC)			
	0.92		
0	0.850.95	1.151.25	2
Alpha Symmetry (EC)			
	0.96		
0	0.850.95	1.151.25	2
Beta Symmetry (EC)			
	0.87		
0	0.850.95	1.151.25	2
Frontal TBR Proportion Sym	metry (EC)		
	1.	05	
0	0.8 0.9		2

Emotional Dysregulation Index





These latent traits suggest likelihood of mild to moderate impairment expressed or experienced with respect to Emotional Dysregulation, in that this individual's scores suggest that they are likely functioning noticeably below their capacity in this domain.

The statistics comprising this index are often associated with the neurofunctional capacity to effectively manage the effective regulation of emotions. Of these 11 indicators, 6 fall outside of a normative range. The more indicators that fall in this clinically meaningful range, the greater the potential to experience difficulties with the process of emotional regulation. For further detail, review the contributing components below.

		38.13%		
-100%		50% 70%		200%
Alpha Shift Cz (EO EC)		49.75%		
-100%	3	30% 50%		200%
TBR Resting Cz (EO)		2.5		
0	1.8	2.2		5
TBR F3 (EC)			4.2	
<u> </u>	1 0	n n		

Alpha Shift 01 (EO EC)

1.0 Z.Z

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TBR F4 (EC)

				3.99	
0	1.8	2.2			5
Theta Symmetry (EC)					
		0.92			
0		0.850.95	1.151.25		2

Footnote: These indicators comprise a non-exhaustive list of factors that may contribute to emotional regulation. They are intended as an aide to the generation of clinical hypotheses with respect to neurofunctional assessment and treatment options. Consider this information along with pertinent research and other clinical resources regarding the neurofunctional bases of emotional regulation.

Sleep Dysregulation Index





These latent traits suggest likelihood of mild to moderate impairment expressed or experienced with respect to Sleep Dysregulation, in that this individual's scores suggest that they are likely functioning noticeably below their capacity in this domain.

The statistics comprising this index are associated with the neurofunctional capacity for effective sleep architecture. Of these 7 indicators, 4 fall outside of a normative range. The more indicators that fall in this clinically meaningful range, the greater the potential to experience difficulties with the sleep cycle. For further detail, review the contributing components below.



Footnote: These indicators comprise a non-exhaustive list of factors that may contribute to sleep dysregulation. They are intended as an aide to the generation of clinical hypotheses with respect to neurofunctional assessment and treatment options. Consider this information along with pertinent research and other clinical resources regarding the neurofunctional bases of sleep dysregulation.

Cognitive Performance Index





These latent traits suggest likelihood of mild to moderate impairment expressed or experienced with respect to Cognitive Performance, in that this individual's scores suggest that they are likely functioning noticeably below their capacity in this domain.

The statistics comprising this index are often associated with various aspects of cognitive performance. Of these 11 indicators, 5 fall outside of a normative range. The more indicators that fall in this clinically meaningful range, the greater the potential to experience difficulties with attention, concentration, memory, and other aspects of cognitive performance. For further detail, review the contributing components below.



TBR Resting Cz (EO)

Beta Symmetry (EC)			
	0.87		
0	0.850.95	1.151.25	2

0.000.90 1.101.20

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Footnote: These indicators comprise a non-exhaustive list of factors that may contribute to challenges in cognitive performance. They are intended as an aide to the generation of clinical hypotheses with respect to neurofunctional assessment and treatment options. Consider this information along with pertinent research and other clinical resources regarding the neurofunctional bases of cognitive performance.

Potential Stress/Trauma Markers Index

Potential Stress/Trauma Markers Index





These latent traits suggest likelihood of mild to moderate impairment expressed or experienced with respect to Potential Stress/Trauma Markers, in that this individual's scores suggest that they are likely functioning noticeably below their capacity in this domain.

The statistics comprising this index are often associated with a history of trauma and/or chronic stress. Of these 5 indicators, 3 fall outside of a normative range. The more indicators that fall in this clinically meaningful range, the greater the potential for trauma spectrum or stress-related symptoms. For further detail, review the contributing components below.



Alpha Shift 01 (EO EC)

Footnote: These indicators comprise a non-exhaustive list of factors that may contribute to trauma-related expressed traits. They are intended as an aide to the generation of clinical hypotheses with respect to neurofunctional assessment and treatment options. Consider this information along with pertinent research and other clinical resources regarding the neurofunctional bases of trauma-related expressed traits.